HIV in Europe Newsletter



Issue No 12 - October 2013

European HIV Testing Week

22 to 29 November 2013 marks the date for the first ever European HIV testing week. It provides an unprecedented opportunity for partners (civil society, healthcare organisations, healthcare professionals and policy makers) across Europe to unite for one week to help more people become aware of their HIV status. HIV in Europe is coordinating the week and is very exited that already 200 organisations have signed up to implement activities during the testing week.

See the website for more info and sign up! www.hivtestingweek.eu

European HIV testing week 22 – 29 November 2013

GET INVOLVED»



14th European AIDS Clinical Society, October 16-19 2013, Brussels, Study (COHERE) Belgium Amanda Mocroft, I

The HIDES Project (HIV Indicator Diseases Across Europe Study) is happy to announce that the abstract on the result from the audits was accepted as an oral presentation for EACS.

Auditing HIV Testing Rates across Europe: Results from the HIDES 2 Study

V.Mitsura on behalf of the HIDES Audit Study Group Parallel Session - PS8, Retention in Care / Strategies for HIV Testing Friday 18 October 10:30-12:30

Other publications related to Indicator condition-guided HIV testing:

The case for indicator condition-guided HIV screening

JV Lazarus, M Hoekstra, D Raben, V Delpech, T Coenen and JD Lundgren, HIV in Europe Initiative Steering Committee, HIV Medicine, Volume 14, Issue 7, August 2013, Pages: 445–448

<u>Feasibility and Effectiveness of Indicator Condition-Guided</u> <u>Testing for HIV: Results from HIDES 1</u>

Ann K. Sullivan, Dorthe Raben, Joanne Reekie, Michael Rayment, Amanda Mocroft et al.

Research Article | published 15 Jan 2013 | PLOS ONE, 10.1371/journal.pone.0052845

New Research on trends in late presentation

The findings in this important publication with data from >80.000 patients indicate that, although late presentation has decreased in recent years, it remains an important issue across Europe and in all groups of people at risk of HIV infection. They also show that individuals presenting late have a worse clinical outlook, particularly in the first and second year after diagnosis compared to non-late presenters.

Risk Factors and Outcomes for Late Presentation for HIV-Positive Persons in Europe: Results from the Collaboration of Observational HIV Epidemiological Research Europe Study (COHERE)

Amanda Mocroft, Jens D. Lundgren,
Miriam Lewis Sabin, Antonella d'Arminio
Monforte, Norbert Brockmeyer et al.,
Collaboration of Observational HIV
Epidemiological Research Europe
(COHERE) study in EuroCoord, Research
Article | published 03 Sep 2013 | PLOS
Medicine, 10.1371/journal.pmed.1001510

Publication from the Copenhagen 2012 Conference

13 short communications and a review article has been gathered in this October HIV Medicine supplement, presenting some of the many presentation from the Copenhagen 2012 Conference. The supplement provides a wealth of documentation of concrete testing initiatives across Europe for inspiration and futher advancement in the field.

Special Issue: Outcomes of the HIV in Europe 2012 Copenhagen Conference

HIV Medicine, Volume 14, Issue Supplement S3, October 2013 HIV in Europe Secretariat: Copenhagen HIV Programme, Rigshospitalet, Copenhagen University Hospital and University of Copenhagen, Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, Building 21.1, Blegdamsvej 3B, 2200 Copenhagen N, Denmark, Tel: +45 35 45 57 57, Fax: +45 35 45 57 58, e-mail: hiveurope@cphiv.dk

website: http://www.hiveurope.eu